

High-temperature transformers are key to grid resilience

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Nomex



Agenda

Overview of U.S. electrical power grid

New regulations

Role of high-temperature transformers
in grid resiliency

High-temperature transformer applications

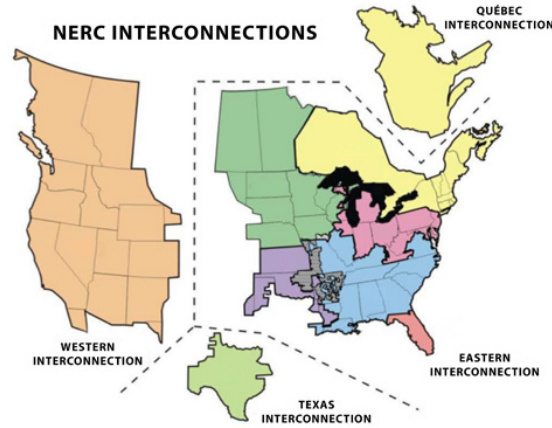
Fast-deployable transformers for
grid resiliency

Rapid recovery transformer initiative

Conclusions



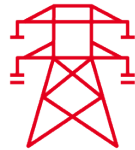
U.S. electrical power grid



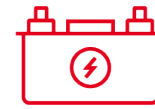
Source: www.energy.gov

“National power grid” is really three interconnected regional grids

- More than 7,600 power stations
- 80,000 miles of EHV transmission lines
- 90% of electricity passing through EHV transformers

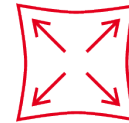


Operated by 3,000
utilities



Equipment of
widely differing

Ages
Voltages
Capacities



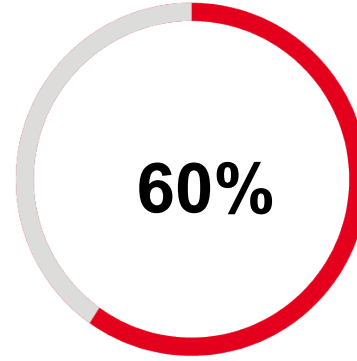
Needs expansion and
upgrades



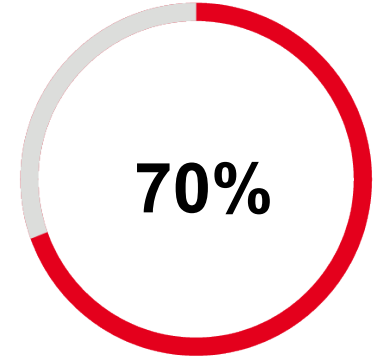
Aging infrastructure of U.S. electrical power grid



of U.S. generating capacity in
plants at least 36 years old



of circuit breakers are
30+ years old



of transmission lines
and power transformers
are 25+ years old



Power outages on the rise



3 of the 5 massive U.S. blackouts occurred since 2004*

Power outages were up 67% from 2011 to 2014

On average, ~500,000 people are affected daily by power outages*

58% of U.S. power outages due to severe weather**:

- Thunderstorms
- Hurricanes
- Blizzards

*Lexington Institute Report

**U.S. Department of Energy, Form OE-417, as cited in "Economic Benefits of Increasing Electric Grid Resilience to Weather Outages" report dated August 2013



Power outages on the rise (continued)



Other causes of power outages:

- Equipment malfunctions, circuit overloads and load shedding**
- 20% of sustained outages (lasting >1 minute) caused by failing electrical equipment
- Headline quote: “Delta system failure marks wake-up call for airline industry”

Estimated annual cost at least \$150 billion***

**U.S. Department of Energy, Form OE-417, as cited in “Economic Benefits of Increasing Electric Grid Resilience to Weather Outages” report dated August 2013

***According to the Galvin Electricity Initiative



Power transformer— A critical component

Critical to the reliable operation of the electrical power grid

Failure of a single unit can:

- Cause temporary service interruption
- Lead to collateral damage

Custom-designed equipment

- Costs millions of dollars
- Is not interchangeable

Weigh hundreds of tons—
too heavy to move by truck

Difficult to quickly replace

- Lengthy procurement
- 12 to 24 months

Designed for 25 to 35 years service

- Average age today is ~42 years



© David Hawkins



**Homeland
Security
identifies
vulnerability**

Average age of substation
transformers is beyond designed life

Vandalism/terrorist activity

Extreme weather/global warming

- Heavy rains/rising ocean → flooding
- Heat waves/forest fires
- Higher ambient temperatures
- Hurricanes/tornadoes/severe storms
- Geo-magnetic and pulse disturbances



Presidential Policy Directive 21

Critical infrastructure security and resilience

Issued February 12, 2013

Identifies 16 critical infrastructure sectors

Defines resilience as:

“the ability to prepare for and adapt to changing conditions and withstand and recover rapidly from disruptions. Resilience includes the ability to withstand and recover from deliberate attacks, accidents, or naturally occurring threats or incidents.”



FERC ordered development of physical security standards



NERC
NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC
RELIABILITY CORPORATION

In 2014, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) took action to enhance grid resilience

FERC directed North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) to:

- Develop reliability standards
- Require owners/operators of bulk-power system to address risks due to physical security threats and vulnerabilities



High-temperature transformers play key role in grid resiliency

High-temperature liquid-immersed transformers offer possibility of:

Increased capacities for replacement units

- Same size
- Matching terminations

Unprecedented mobility

- Even very large capacity
- Emergency replacement

True step-change in design strategy

- Life extension
- Increased capacity
- Lighter weight



High-temperature liquid-immersed transformers

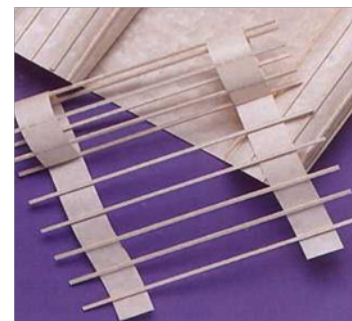
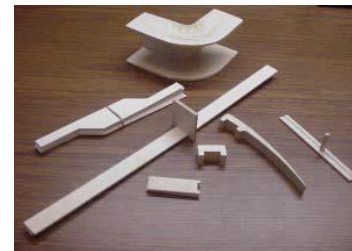
DuPont™ Nomex® insulation
celebrated 50 years in 2017

Long history of proven
performance—40+ years

Recent global standards (IEEE
and IEC) help guide development

Insulation offering expanding—
widest selection in years

Use of high-temperature insulation
expected to continue to expand
to meet grid resiliency needs



High-temperature transformer applications



Photo by Tamini Transformatori Srl



Photo by ABB



Photo by CG Power Systems, Belgium



Photo by ABB



Typical mobile substations

For temporary or emergency use

Less than 100 MVA

Full hybrid insulation system

- 65/95°C top oil/average winding rise
- High-temperature wire insulation, spacers and strips
- Highest capacity for road weight limit

Mixed hybrid insulation system

- 65/75°C top oil/average winding rise
- High-temperature wire insulation only



Photo by Delta Star, Inc



Photo by CG Power Systems, Belgium



Substation transformer in Seoul, South Korea

Situation

Bridge collapse forces switch from three 1-phase units due to reduced weight limits on city bridges

Challenges included

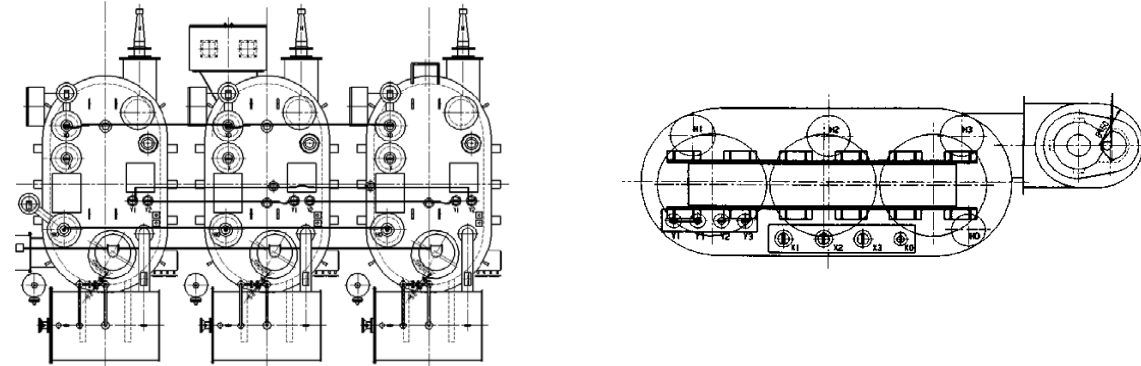
- Weight limits
- Need for increased capacity

Solution

- 60 MVA, 138 kV liquid-immersed transformer
- Nomex® hybrid insulation system
- Full hybrid insulation allows single 3-phase unit to meet weight limits



Comparison of three 1-phase units vs. single 3-phase unit



	Conventional 3x1 PH 20 MVA	Light weight 3PH 60 MVA
Transformer	22.35 ton per 20 MVA TR	28.8 ton
Tractor	8.5 ton	6.76 ton
Trailer	6.3 ton	4.37 ton
Total weight	37.15 ton per 20 MVA TR	39.93 ton
Length	5,050 mm	4,060 mm
Width	2,610 mm	2,500 mm
Height	3,500 mm	3,080 mm
Core loss	63 kW (20 MVA x 3)	26 kW
Copper loss	396 kW (20 MVA x 3)	470 kW
Total loss	459 kW (20 MVA x 3)	496 kW
Winding temp	65K	95K
Oil temp	55K	65K



Compact transformer for urban substation in Grenoble, France

Situation

Aging 10 MVA transformer in densely populated city center needed to be replaced

Challenges included

- Need for significantly increased capacity
- Compact size to fit in existing substation
- Very low noise requirement for residential district

Solution

- 36 MVA liquid-immersed transformer
- Natural air ventilation
- Nomex® hybrid insulation system



Photo by CG Power Systems, Belgium



Gaz Electricité de Grenoble (GEG)



Interconnecting transformer



Photo by ABB



Photo by ABB

ESCELSA: 3-phase ABB hybrid power transformer

Rated power (emergency)	MVA	300 (380)
Rated voltages (BIL)	kV	230/138-138/13.8
HV BIL	kV	1,050
Top oil temp rise	K	65
Avg wdg temp rise	K	65 (95)
Total mass	Tons	330

- Overloadable grid transformer
- Unit in place since 2003
- Installation: Brazil



Photo by ABB



Building on the past to address grid resiliency



Long history of proven successes for substations and mobile substations

- Natural to use high-temperature transformers
- As response to challenge of grid resiliency



High-temperature insulation

- Expanding selection
- Helping enable innovative transformer designs



Multiple manufacturers exploring new solutions to meet grid resiliency needs



First 250 MVA, 400 kV fast-deployable transformer

Situation

Power utility in Spain needed new design concept

- Fast-deployable emergency replacement units
- Needed larger capacity
- Replace existing 117 MVA

Challenges included

- Compact size
- Reduced weight
- Easier shipping by standard truck
- Increased capacity
- Need for reduced installation time

Solution

- 1-phase, shell type HV network transformer
- DuPont™ Nomex® hybrid insulation system
- Experimental installation at a power transmission grid on Mediterranean coast
- Operating successfully since 2012



**Fast-deployable
network
transformer
in Spain**



Photo by ABB



**Fast-deployable
transformer—
Size reduction
example**

	Standard substation transformer	Conventional fast-deployable transformer	Hybrid insulation fast-deployable transformer
Rated power (p.u.)	1	0.6	1.25
Load losses (p.u.)	1	0.87	1.74
No load losses @100% exc. (p.u.)	1	0.60	0.77
Shipping weight (p.u.)	1	0.53	0.62
Ratio ton/MVA	0.57	0.51	0.28
Shipping dimensions LxWxH (p.u.)	1 x 1 x 1	1.17 x 0.68 x 0.75	1.32 x 0.69 x 0.71
Overall dimensions LxWxH (p.u.)	1 x 1 x 1	0.94 x 0.85 x 0.80	0.93 x 0.76 x 0.79



Rapid recovery transformer initiative

Consortium formed over past decade

U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Science & Technology Directorate (S&T)
Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI)
CenterPoint Energy, an energy delivery company headquartered in Houston, Texas
ABB, a global leader in power and automation technologies

Goal

To increase resilience of nation's electric transmission grid by drastically reducing recovery time associated with transformer outages

Design principle

Make the unit modular, transportable and quick to install



Rapid recovery transformer— RecX prototype

Designed to replace the most common EHV transformers used by utilities

Solution

- Three 1-phase transformers
- Nomex® hybrid insulation system chosen to reduce both size and weight
- 345 kV at 200 MVA each
- Weighs 63 tons (vs. 100 to 400 tons for current power transformers)
- Shipped dry on lowboy flatbed trucks without accessories

Installation

- Five days total from factory to energized
- Tested and evaluated for >1 year at CenterPoint Energy substation in Texas



Rapid recovery transformer— RecX



Photo by ABB



Photo by DHS S&T



Photo by ABB

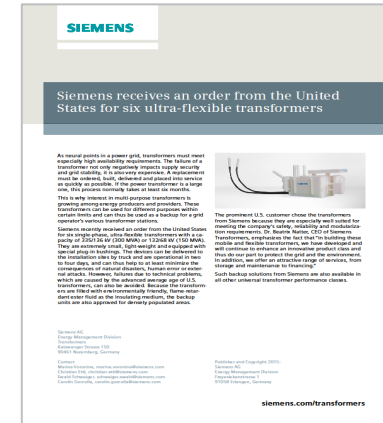


Siemens grid resiliency solutions

Siemens Transformers globally launched its resiliency concept “Pretact™” at the 2016 Hannover Fair

First order was for six ultra-flexible units for a major utility in the U.S.

- 335/136 kV at 100 MVA each
- Nomex® hybrid insulation system
- Extremely small and lightweight
- Deliverable by truck
- Operational in 2 to 4 days



siemens.com/transformers



siemens.com/transformer-resiliency



Conclusions

Driving need for development of contingency plans

- Aging infrastructure → more frequent/more severe outages
- Increasing consumption
- New regulations

High-temperature, liquid-immersed transformers will play a key role in grid resiliency plans for many utilities

- Increased reliability
- Higher capacity
- Higher power density in urban size-restricted locations

Nomex[®] high-temperature insulation

- Offers new avenue to explore needs of power grid transformation
- Provides opportunity for true step-change in design strategy
 - Life extension
 - Increased capacity
 - Smaller size
 - Lighter weight

Expect to see many more applications for lighter or smaller transformers in the near future





Learn more about Nomex[®] in high-temperature applications

Read the following case studies at nomexpaper.dupont.com

- Compact Transformer for Urban Substation in Grenoble
- ABB's First 250 MVA, 400 kV Fast-Deployable Transformer
- Rapid Recovery Transformer—RecX





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